APPENDIX 11-1

GLOSSARY OF ACOUSTIC TERMS

A variety of acoustic parameters and terminology are used throughout this chapter. Significant definitions are presented to inform the reader.

A – Weighting The "A" suffix denotes the fact that the sound

levels have been "A-weighted" in order to account for the non-linear nature of human

hearing.

Background Noise The noise level rarely fallen below in any given

location over any given time period, often classed according to day time, evening or night time periods. The LA90,10min is the parameter that is used to define the background noise level in this instance. LA90 is the sound level that is exceeded for 90% of the sample period. It is typically used as a descriptor for background

noise.

dB (decibel) The unit normally employed to measure the

magnitude of sound. It is defined as 20 times the logarithm of the ratio between the RMS pressure of the sound field and the reference

pressure of 20 micro-pascals (20 μ Pa).

dB(A) An 'A-weighted decibel' – a measure of the

overall noise level of sound across the audible frequency range (20 Hz – 20 kHz) with A-frequency weighting (i.e. A – Weighting) to compensate for the varying sensitivity of the human ear to sound at different frequencies.

rotor.

Noise Sound that evokes a feeling of displeasure in

the environment in which it is heard, and is therefore unwelcomed by the receiver

Noise Sensitive Location (NSL) Any dwelling house, hotel or hostel, health

building, educational establishment, place of worship or entertainment, or any other facility or other area of high amenity which for its proper enjoyment requires the absence of noise

at nuisance levels.

Pascal (Pa) Pascal is a unit of pressure and so sound

pressures are measured in Pascals.

Sound Power Level (Lw) The sound power level radiated by a source is

defined as:

 $L_W = 10 \times log10(W/W_o) dB$.

Where W is the acoustic power of the source in Watts (W) and W_{\circ} is a reference sound power

chosen in air to be 10⁻¹²W.

Sound Pressure Level (L_p) The sound pressure level at a point is defined:

 $L_p = 20 \times log10(P/P_o) dB$.

Where P is the sound pressure and Po is a reference pressure for propagation of sound in

air and has a value of 2x10⁻⁵Pa.

Standardised Wind Speed A wind speed measured at a height different

than 10m (generally measured at the turbine hub height) which is expressed to a reference height of 10m using a roughness length of 0.05 for standardisation purposes (in accordance

with the IEC 61400-11 Standard).

Wind Shear The increase of wind speed with height above

ground.

10 Minute Average Wind Speed (m/s) The wind speed measured by an anemometer at a specified height above ground

level, averaged over a 10-minute period.